

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

CATAR, G., Doc. MUDr, CSc.; VALENT, M. GRÜNNER, L.; KUCHTA, V.

1. Parasitological Research Laboratory, Dept. of Biology,
Faculty of Medicine, Comenius Univ. (Vyskumne laboratorium
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(Statne kupole), Lucky pri Rusomberku (for Grünnner, Head, and ?)

Bratislava, Bratislavské lekarské listy, No 4, 28 Feb 67, pp 196-203

"On the transmission of trichomoniasis by thermal water."

(4)

KUCHTA, Z.; MARCINKOWSKI, H.; KALINOWSKI, S.

Automation in a run-of-river hydroelectric-power plant. p.29.

(ENERGETYKA. Vol. 11, No. 1, Jan./Feb. 1957. Warszawa, Poland)

SG: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

BRODSKIY, A.I.; FOMENKO, A.S.; ABDRAMOVA, T.M.; NURMAN, Ye.G.; PARFEN'YEVA,
E.P.; KUCHTENKO, I.I.; GALINA, A.A.

Electron paramagnetic resonance spectra of radicals arising in
X-raying of polyamides. Dokl. AN SSSR 156 no. 5:1147-1149
Je '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V.Pisarzhevskogo AN
UkrSSR. 2.Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Brodskiy).

KUCHTENKO, V.I. (Moskva); MITYURINA, V.Ye. (Moskva)

One method for constructing adaptive systems with stabilization
of frequency characteristics. Avtom. i telem. 26 no.3:475-484
Mr '65. (MIRA 18:6)

KUCHTIK, J.; VYSKOČ, M.

Structure and raw weight of oak wood obtained by selective tree cutting.
p. 463.

(Sbornik Rada Lesnictvi, Vol. 30, no. 6, June 1957. Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EAL LC, Vol. 6, no. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

KUCHTINA, I. [Kukhtina, I.]; RACZKA, R

Investigation of the high energy π^- -p interaction by the statistical theory of multiple particle production. Acta physica Pol 26 no. 1, 163-167 Jl '64.

1. Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Laboratory of Theoretical Physics, Moscow.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000827110015-6

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000827110015-6"

APR 16147

Fe in the LaFeO₃ was replaced by Mn to reduce the electrical conductivity. X-ray structure analyses and dielectric constant measurements

indicated structures up to 1000°C were

single phase from rhombohedral to cubic

lattice parameter Fe/Mn ratio

and the pseudocell

and the smeared phase transition to the perovskite

structure can be defined

AF 16147

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

Card 3/3

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/5336

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhdunarodnyy komitet po provedeniyu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda. V razdel programmy MGG: Ionosfera

Issledovaniya ionosfery (Ionospheric Research) Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1960. 112 p.
(Series: Its Sbornik statey, no. 5) 2,000 copies printed.

Resp. Ed.: G.N. Gorbushina, Candidate of Physics and Mathematics; Ed.: A.D.
Podol'skiy; Tech. Ed.: T.V. Polyakova.

PURPOSE: This publication is intended for geophysicists, meteorologists, and communications specialists.

COVERAGE: This collection of 12 articles on the ionosphere, published by the Soviet IGY Committee, presents some of the results of vertical soundings made at 23 Soviet stations in the period 1957-1959. Individual articles deal with the geographic distribution of ionospheric absorption and its relation to solar flares and magnetic storms, the altitudinal distribution of ionization calculated with electronic computers, and ionospheric observations in the Arctic and Antarctic. An English resume accompanies each article. No personalities are mentioned. References follow individual articles.

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. Ionospheric Research

SOV/5336

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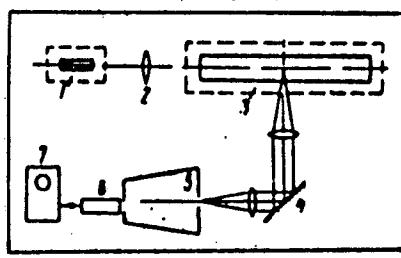
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| Foreword | 5 |
| Besprozvannaya, A.S. Anomalous Absorption in the Polar Region According to Observations Conducted by the Method of Vertical Ionospheric Sounding | 7 |
| Fedyakina, N.I. Anomalous Absorption in May and July 1959, According to Observations in Tiksi Bay by the Method of Cosmic Radiation | 20 |
| Gorbushina, G.N. Some Results of the Measurement of the Absorption of Radio Waves in the Ionosphere | 28 |
| <u>Kuchuberiya, I.Kh.</u> Quantitative Estimation of Ionospheric Absorption According to the Minimum Reflection Frequency | 41 |
| Kerblay, T.S. Dependence of the Maximum Frequencies of the Sporadic Es Layer on the Characteristics of the Ionosonde System | 50 |
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| L 32622-66 | FBD/EWT(1)/EEC(k)-2/ETC(f)/T/EWP(k) | IJP(c) | WG/AT |
| ACC NR: | AP6015598 | SOURCE CODE: | UR/0368/66/004/005/0458/0459 |
| AUTHOR: <u>Besshaposhnikov, A. A.</u> ; <u>Voloshin, A. Ye.</u> ; <u>Kuchuberiya, I. Kh.</u> ; <u>Simonova, N.V.</u> | | | |
| ORG: none | | | |
| TITLE: Measurement of electron temperature of a plasma by means of scattered laser radiation | | | |
| SOURCE: Zhurnal prikladnoy spektroskopii, v. 4, no. 5, 1966, 458-459 | | | |
| TOPIC TAGS: laser application, plasma electron, electron temperature, LASER | | | |
| ABSTRACT: The authors used a laser beam to measure the electron temperature in a setup in which the plasma was produced by a rotating high-frequency dipole at 2.45 Mc in a quasistationary field of mirror configuration. The vacuum chamber was a glass tube 50 mm in dia. and 1000 mm long (Fig. 1). The spectrum of the plotted radiation was measured point by point and the electron temperature was calculated from the smoothed spectrum and found to be $T_e \approx 4$ ev. From the presence of a shift in the scattered radiation relative to the incident radiation it is deduced that the electrons move axially with velocity $\sim 10^8$ cm/sec. The reason for this phenomenon, and also the details of the fine structure of the scattered radiation, are still unclear. The authors thank R. A. Demirkhanov for suggesting the investigation and for continuous interest. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. | | | |
| Card 1/2 | UDC: 533.9.07 | | |

L 32622-66

ACC NR: AP6015598

Fig. 1. Block diagram of the measurement apparatus. 1 - Ruby laser, 2 - lens, 3 - vacuum chamber, 4 - optical focusing system, 5 - spectrograph, 6 - photomultiplier, 7 - oscilloscope.



SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 12Jul65/ OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2 D.O

S/904/61/000/000/006/011
D218/D308

AUTHOR: Kuchuberiya, I. Kh.

TITLE: Calculation of the field strength of radiowaves from measured ionospheric absorption

SOURCE: Doklady Nauchnogo simpoziuma po ionosfere, Rostov-na-Donu, 21-22 aprelya 1960 g. V razdel programmy MGG (ionosfera). Rostov on the Don, Izd-vo Rostov. univ., 1961, 75-79

TEXT: In an earlier paper (Issledovaniya ionosfery, no. 5, 1960), the author reported a formula relating the field strength for an obliquely arriving radiowave and the magnitude of the ionospheric absorption. The present paper reports a comparison between the field strength calculated from this formula and the measured values. The transmitter, whose field strength was measured on the Dickson Island, was located at a distance of 800 km (Chelyuskin). The signal was transmitted at 2.52, 4.02,

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S/904/61/000/000/006/011

D218/D308

Calculation of the field...

6.35, 8.74, and 12.35 Mc/sec at mid-day and midnight local time. Fig. 2 shows the median values of the field strength between October 1957 and February 1958. The full curves are calculated while the dashed curves represent measured values. As can be seen, some measure of agreement was achieved. There are 2 figures.

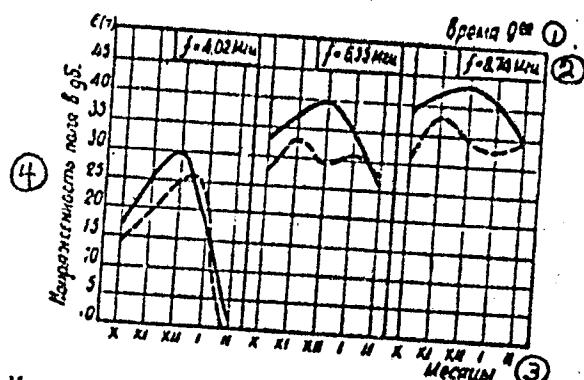
ASSOCIATION: Arkticheskiy i Antarkticheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut (Arctic and Antarctic Scientific Research Institute)

Fig. 2
Legend: (1) time, (2) Mc/sec, (3) month, (4) field strength in db.

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Calculation of the field...

Fig. 2



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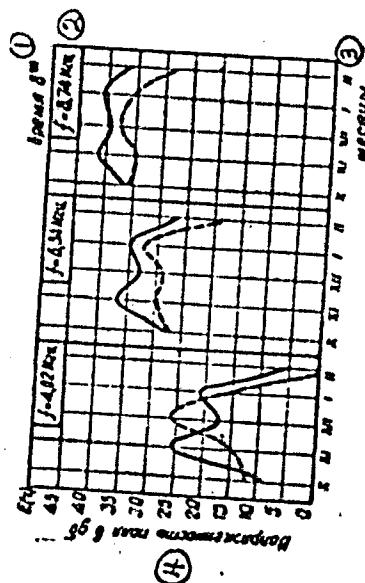


Рис. 2. Медианные значения напряженности поля на трассе Челюскин—Диксон за период с октября 1957 г. по февраль 1958. Время — 45°E.
 — расчесные значения
 - - - измеренные

Card 3/3

L 4912-56 E/A(k)/FBD/ENT(1)/EEC(k)-2/T/EHP(k)/EHA(m)-2/E/A(h) IJP(c) WG
ACC NR: AP5027035 SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/65/000/005/0204/0206

AUTHORS: Besshaposhnikov, A. A.⁴⁴, Voloshin, A. Ye.⁴⁴, Kuchuboriya, I. Kh.⁴⁴

ORG: Physicotechnical Institute, GKAЕ, Sukhumi (Fiziko-tehnicheskiy
institut, GKAЕ)

TITLE: Measurement of laser radiation energy

SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 5, 1965, 204-206

TOPIC TAGS: laser radiation, laser energy, bolometer, transistorized amplifier /
PL3B triode

ABSTRACT: Equipment is described for measuring the energy output of pulsed lasers in the range of 0.1-10 J. The signal from a bolometer, which is used as the sensor, is supplied through a step voltage divider to the input of a four-stage transistorized amplifier with calibrated stable amplification. Low-noise transistors are used in the first two stages. The gain of the amplifier at 1 kc is 2800; the frequency response is flat (within 3 db) in the range of 50 cps to 20 kc; and the amplitude response is linear over 20 db. The output is recorded on an

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UDC: 621.317.794:621.378.325
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L 4912-66

ACC NR: AP5027035

oscilloscope whose sweep is triggered by the firing circuit of the laser pumping lamps. The bolometer, amplifier, and stabilized power supply are mounted in a sectioned metal container. Orig. art. has: 5 formulas and 7 figures. [04]

SUB CODE: EO/ SUBM DATE: 10Aug64/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: .006
ATD PRESS: 4135-

Card 2/2

KUCHUGIN, V.V., inzh.

Introduction of continuous-flow production of stamped fittings.
Energomashinostroenie 3 no.10:36-38 0 '57. (MIRA 10:12)
(Valves) (Machine-shop practice)

COMOL'SKIY, M.M., inzh.; KUCHUGIN, V.V., inzh.

Replacement of bronze bushes of D_y = 50 --D_y = 10 valves with
sulfurized cast iron. Energetik 12 no.3:19-20 M: '64.
(MIRA 17:4)

~~KUCHUGURENKO, A.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; UVAROV, G.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.~~

Installing a low-pressure water economizer on a BKZ-P-4-75/34 boiler.
Energetik 2 no.5:9-10 My '54.
(Steam boilers) (MLRA 7:6)

9(9)

SOV/143-58-10-14/24

AUTHOR:

Kuchugurenko, A.P., Candidate of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

Some Cases of Constant Speed Control

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Energetika,
1958, Nr 10, pp 107-117 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In this article, single-capacity devices, having no lag, are considered. The disturbances are intermittent. First, the author mentions a control without feedback, as shown in figure 1, presenting formulae for the first and second halfwaves. Then, he presents a follow-up control, shown in figure 2, listing formulae for the first halfwave and for the aperiodicity conditions. Further he considers controls with an additional pulse of the derivative of the magnitude to be controlled, presenting formulae for the first half-wave and the aperiodicity conditions. The author mentions briefly the control with an additional pulse for the flow to be controlled and the control with two additional pulses for the controlled and uncontrolled

Card 1/2

Some Cases of Constant Speed Control

SOV/143-58-10-14/24

flows. He shows formulae for an elastic feedback control. Finally, he presents numerical examples for calculating the tuning parameters of some of the aforementioned controls. There are 4 diagrams, 6 schematic drawings and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Kuybyshevskiy industrial'nyy institut imeni V.V. Kuybysheva (Kuybyshev Industrial Institute imeni V.V. Kuybyshev)

SUBMITTED: February 27, 1958

Card 2/2

ZHUKOV, A.M., inzh.; KUCHUGURENKO, A.P., dotsent, kand. tekhn. nauk;
MURAV'YEV, V.D., inzh.; UVAROV, G.A., dotsent, kand. tekhn. nauk;
FEDOROV, V.N., inzh.; SHESTAKOV, B.I., dotsent

Investigating combusting pulsations during burning of Kashpir shale
in furnaces with shaft-type impact mills. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; energ.
(MIRA 13:3)
2. no.10:53-59 O '59.

1. Kuybyshevskiy industrial'nyy institut imeni V.V. Kuybysheva.
Predstavlena sektsiyey prikladnoy teplotekhniki.
(Oil shales)

KUCHUGURENKO, A.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Processing of gas analysis data in the case of recirculation of
gases in boiler installations. Sbor. nauch. trud. Kuib. indus.
inst. no.8:265-270 '59. (MIRA 14:7)
(Gas-Analysis) (Boilers)

GRACHEV, B.A.; YURIN, Yu.N.; AKNIYEV, G.E.; DUMCHIKOV, G.K.; KUCHUGUROV,
V.F.; BATAL'SHCHIKOV, M.V.

EBT-1 pipe tachometer has passed plant tests. Izv. vys.
ucheb. zav. i neft' i gaz 7 no.3:112 '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektno-
konstruktorskiy institut kompleksnoy avtomatizatsii neftyanoy
i gazovoy promyshlennosti.

KUCHUK, A. P., CAND MED SCI, "INTRAARTERIAL INFUSION OF
HYPERTONIC SOLUTION ~~OF~~ GLUCOSE IN THE INITIAL PERIOD OF
CLINICAL DEATH AND CERTAIN FEATURES OF ITS ACTION ^{aspects} ~~mechanism of~~ ~~action~~."
L'vov, 1960. (L'vov STATE MED INST). (KL, 2-61, 218).

-260-

KUCHUK, A.P.

Characteristics of the shifts of protein fractions of the
blood serum in hypoplastic and aplastic states. Sbor. trud.
L'vov. nauch.-issl. inst. perel. krovi i neotlozh. khir.
no. 4:64-70 '60 (MIRA 16510)

Transfusion of a leucocyte mass in acute agranulocytosis,
and hypoplastic and aplastic anemia. Ibid.:142-147

KUCHUK, A.P.

Transfusion of leucocytes in leucopenia. Probl. gemat. i perel.
krovi 5 no. 12:41-45 '60. (MIRA 14:1)
(LEUCOPENIA) (BLOOD—TRANSFUSION)

KUCHUK, A.P.

Significance of angioreceptors in intra-arterial administration of
hypertonic glucose solution. Fiziol. zhur. 46 no.3:338-343 Mr '60.
(MIR 14:7)

1. From the Institute of Blood Transfusion, L'vov.
(GLUCOSE) (BLOOD PRESSURE)

YAYES, S.B.; KUCHUK, A.P.; KRIVORUCHKO, R.A.; SHIMANSKAYA, B.M.

Transfusion of blood preserved with cation exchangers and its
erythrocyte mass in hypoplastic states. Sbor. trud. L'vov.
nauch.-issl. inst. perel. krovi i neotlozh. khir. no.4:
155-161 '60 (MIRA 16:12)

Comparative evaluation of the preservatives Nos. 7 and 11 prepared by the Central Institute of the City of Leningrad of Hematology and Blood Transfusion as stabilizers of the blood coagulation system are natural anticoagulants. (robo). genet. t perel. krovli v re. 2;MA-12. - Ag. 104.

(MIRA 19:3)

1. Гематологический отдел (рук. - доктор А.М. Мартынов)
Института научно-исследовательского института переливания
крови (дир. - доктор В.Г. Петров).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000827110015-6

MARTYNOV, V.M., KUCHUK, A.P.

Effect of the preservation of blood and plasma on the blood
coagulation system. Semin. i perel. krov. L-112-118 '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

I. Ussovskiy institut perelivaniya krovii.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000827110015-6"

KUCHUK, A.P.; SHIMANSKAYA, B.M.

Preparation of antihemophilic plasma. Probl. hemat. i perel.
krovi no.5:43-45 '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Hematologicheskiy otdel (rukoveditel' - dotsent S.M. Martynov)
L'vovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta perelivaniya
krovi (dir.- dotsent D.G. Petrov).

LAVROV, N.V.; KUCHUK, S.D.; GOL'DFIL'D, M.L.; SHUBIN, V.V.

Using gas as fuel in the transport industry in the Central
Asian Economic Region. Gaz. prom. 7 no.12:15-19 '62
(MIRA 17r7)

LAVROV, N.V., akademik (Tashkent); KUCHUK, S.D., inzh. (Tashkent);
VIL'KEVICH, V.I., kand.tekhn.nauk (Tashkent); GOL'DFIL'D, M.L.,
inzh. (Tashkent)

Use of gas fuel for the operation of diesel locomotives. Zhel.
dor.transp. 45 no.8:43-46 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)
(Diesel locomotives) (Gas as fuel)

KUCHUK, V.T.

Late rupture of a subcapsular hematoma of the spleen. Zdravookh-
ranenie 3 no.3:62 My-Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Iz rayonnoy bol'nitsy sela Bul'boki (glavnnyy vrach O.I.
Kolkovskaya).
(HEMATOMA) (SPLEEN--RUPTURE)

KUCHUK, V.T.

Cystic embryonic tumor of the mesentery of the small intestine.
Zdravookhranenie 4 no. 2:55-56 My-Ap '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz rayonnoy bol'nitsy sela Bul'boki (glavnnyy vrach I.O.
Kolkovskaya).

(MESENTERY—TUMORS)

PERIODICAL ABSTRACTS

Sub.: USSR/Engineering

AID 4192 - P

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S. I. and V. K. LEBEDEV
O SVARKE NEPRERYVNYM OPLAVLENIYEM IZDELIY, IMEYUSHCHIKH BOL'SHOYE
KOMPAKTONOYE SECHENIYE (Continuous Flash Welding of Pieces with
Large Cross-Section). Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 1, Ja/P 1956:
29-37.

Using rails as an example of pieces with large cross-section, the authors compare welding techniques, the preliminary interrupted heating commonly used, and the more efficient continuous flash welding method. They recommend the latter as shorter and more economical (current consumption is reduced two-thirds). Six graphs, a drawing and a picture. Four Russian references, 1951-1954.

*S. I. Kuchuk-Yatsenko. Inst Electrowelding in
Ye. V. Paton 1956 USSR*

AID P - 4831

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/2 Pub. 11 - 4/13

Authors : Lebedev, V. K. and S. I. Kuchuk-Yatsenko

Title : Increasing temperature of metal in butt-resistance welding by intensifying the oxidation.

Periodical : Avtom. svar., 3, 36-43, Mr 1956

Abstract : The authors describe experiments and results obtained from the butt resistance welding of low-carbon steel pipes by the method of continuous flash welding. They found that the metal's temperature increases with the increase of oxidation by blowing air or a mixture of air and oxygen. This improves the quality of welded joints at a reduced current density, while the excessive use of air-mixture reduces the quality of the welded joints. The blowing of the oxidized mixture in the butt-welding of pipes has also reduced the formation of internal burrs. Two tables, 5 graphs, 1 photo.

AID P - 4831

Avtom. svar., 3, 36-43, Mr 1956

Card 2/2 Pub. 11 - 4/13

4 Russian references (1950-55).

Institution : Electrowelding Institute im. Paton

Submitted : 23 N 1955

PATON, B.Ye.; KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.; PUPOVSKIY, O.V.

Ignitron regulators of butt welding. Avtom. svar. 10 no.1:
55-62 Ja-F '57. (MLRA 10:4)

1. Ordona Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni Institut elektrosvarki im.
Ye.O. Patona AN USSR.
(Electric welding) (Voltage regulators)

PODOLSK, N.V.; KUCHUK-YATSEMKO, S.I.

Resistance butt welding with low-frequency currents. Avtom.
svar. 10 no.1:63-72 Ja-F '57. (MLRA 10:4)

1. Ordens Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni Institut elektrosvarki im.
Ye.O. Patona AN USSR.
(Electric welding)

АВТОМ.СВАРКА ИЗЛУЧЕНИЯ, С.И.
KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.; LEBEDEV, V.I.

Heat balance during the fusion process with low specific capacities.
Avtom.svar. 10 no.4:64-70 J1-Ag '57. (MIRA 10:10)

1. Ordona Trudovog Krasnogo Znameni Institut elektrosvarki imeni
Ye.O.Patona Akademii nauk USSR.
(Electric welding) (Heat--Radiation and absorption)

18(5)

SOV/125-59-10-5/16

AUTHOR:

Kuchuk-Yatsenko, S.I., Engineer

TITLE:

Maximum Annealing Conditions in the Uninterrupted
Welding of Compact Objects up to 10,000mm² in Cross-
Section

PERIODICAL: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, 1959, Nr 10, pp 34-49 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article gives the results of experiments to determine the programs for lowering welding voltage and speed in order to provide for maximum heat in the uninterrupted welding of objects up to 10,000mm² in cross-section. The temperature was recorded by a Type RP-49 thermograph, the power, voltage and current in the initial circuit were recorded on automatic V-33 instruments, and the main part of the test was carried out on test-pieces of Type R50 and R65 rails. Fig 1 shows that at constant speeds of welding the necessary initial voltage does not increase in direct proportion to the area to be welded, while the process is greatly affected by the initial speed. If it is too high, the power may be insufficient to break the contacts, whereas if it is too low the contacts are

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Maximum Annealing Conditions in the Uninterrupted Welding of Compact Objects up to 10,000mm² in Cross-Section

broken prematurely. A graph showing the relation between the most suitable welding speed and the initial voltage is given in Fig 2; the purity of the welded butts also affects the welding process, and the speed must be altered accordingly. The results of tests on Type R50 rails to determine minimum welding pressure and the subsequent increase in heat are given in Fig 3 (speed - .25mm/sec and time - 140 secs) while the graphs in Fig 4 illustrate the distribution in temperature in the heating zone on the lowering of the voltage. This system of lowering the voltage is also effective if the resistance of the spark-gap is more or less constant and the power is sufficient to break the contact. Since this resistance varies considerably, special regulators were designed to enable the welding speed to be lowered or the power raised on a drop in the resistance of the spark-gap. When other systems are used, the raising of the voltage over the circuits is very difficult, and Fig 5 gives data concerning the solution of this problem by means of spe-

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S07/125-59-10-5/16

Maximum Annealing Conditions in the Uninterrupted Welding of Compact Objects up to 10,000mm² in Cross-Section

cial current regulators, which affect the speed of welding. The minimum possible voltage thus depends on the resistance of the short circuit, and the results are given of tests carried out on the welding of Type R65 rails in machines of varying resistance to short-circuiting. Figs 6a and 6b represent the change in the minimum possible welding voltage by means of contour transformers, where $Z_k = 70$ microhms and $Z_k = 53$ microhms respectively. In both cases the speed and duration were constant (speed - .1mm/sec, duration - 140 secs). It is shown that this voltage is less dependent on resistance to short-circuiting than is the initial voltage, and that current density amounted in all cases to an average of 1.2-1.3 a/mm², regardless of the resistance; the data obtained also indicates that maximum heat in welding does not depend on resistance to short-circuiting. In order to establish the most favorable welding speed, rails were welded at a speed of .1mm/sec, and Fig 7 con-

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SOV/125-59-10-5/16

Maximum Annealing Conditions in the Uninterrupted Welding of Compact Objects up to 10,000mm² in Cross-Section

tains data concerning the minimum voltage and current at this speed. Comparison with Figs 3a and 3b shows that this minimum voltage changed very little when a speed of .2mm/sec was used, although the current rose somewhat. Fig 8 shows the changes in temperature in the welding area on the increasing of the duration of process and the lowering of the voltage, and the data given in Fig 9 show them to increase in the same way as when a speed of .2mm/sec was used. It can hence be seen from these graphs that a speed of .2-.25mm/sec is the most favorable. The duration of the welding process was fixed at 170-200 secs, since above this it has little effect on the temperature (Fig 9). There are 9 graphs and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Ordena trudovogo krasnogo znameni institut elektrosvarki imeni Ye.O. Patona AN USSR (Order of the Red Banner of Labor Institute of Electric Welding imeni Ye.O. Paton AS UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: April 10, 1959
Card 4/4

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S. I., Cand Tech Sci (diss) -- "Investigation of contact butt welding by the continuous melting of large compact, thick-walled parts of carbon steel". Kiev, 1960. 16 pp (Acad Sci Ukr SSR, Order of Labor Red Banner Inst of Electrowelding im Ye. O. Paton), 150 copies (KL, No 10, 1960, 131)

KUCHUK-YATSEKO, S.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

New machinery for rail welding. Put'i put.khoz. 4 no.8:16-19 Ag
'60. (MIRA 13:7)
(Railroads--Rails--Welding)

1.2300

3/25/69/000/012/002/014
Alt 1/A030

AUTHORS: Asnins, A.Ye.; Kuchuk-Yatsenko, S.I.

TITLE: Static and Vibration Resistance of Joint's Welded From Large Sections by Resistance-Welding

PERIODICAL: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, 1960, No. 12, pp. 14 - 41

TEXT: The resistance-welding process was not previously used for welding beams for jobs where reliability of structure is of paramount importance. There were no large welding machines of this kind, the quality of resistance-welded joints made in existing machines was not constant, and the necessary removal of surplus weld metal and burrs was difficult. The Electric Welding Institute imeni Ye.O. Paton has developed a machine enabling welding butt joints to be made with maximum 30,000 mm² cross section area, welding with continuous fusion, and more stable and even heating. Flat and double-T specimens with a height of up to 200 mm have been welded in the "K-135" welder and tested for static strength and vibration resistance. Special test machines of the Electric Welding Institute design were used. The article includes no description of the welding machine. The welding test was chosen so as to reproduce the most unfavorable welding conditions

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89711

S/125/60/000/012/002/014
A161/A030

Static and Vibration Resistance of Joints Welded From Large Sections by Resistance-Welding

(which would probably occur in everyday use) with maximum heat: fusion time 120 sec; allowance for fusion 25 mm; initial fusion rate 0.25 mm/sec; final fusion rate 1.5 mm/sec; idle-run current 6.6 volt; upsetting 6 and 12 mm. The upsetting was limited by a special tracing hydraulic drive enabling the desired deformation on the butts to be obtained regardless of the pressure variation in oil in the hydraulic system and the dimensions of heated zone. Notch impact strength depended very much on the magnitude of upsetting - it was $9.8 - 15.1 \text{ kgm/cm}^2$ at 6 mm upsetting, and $6.6 - 11.3 \text{ kgm/cm}^2$ at 11 mm. It was 8.8

concluded that the static strength and also vibration resistance of joints in low-carbon steel welded by the resistance process was not lower than that of joints made by submerged arc. The endurance limit of double-T beams joined by resistance welding with a slight weld reinforcement scarcely differed from the endurance limit of integral beams. The transition metal structure between weld reinforcement and base metal was fine-grained and homogeneous. The resistance welding process with continuous fusion is recommended for joining sheet and merchant bar steel, and it is recommended not to remove the surplus weld metal to

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89711

S/125/60/000/012/002/014
A161/A030

Static and Vibration Resistance of Joints Welded From Large Sections by Resistance-Welding

reduce stress concentration. There are 9 figures and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Ordona Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni Institut elektrosvarki im. Ye.O. Patona AN USSR (Electric Welding Institute "Order of the Red Banner of Labor" imeni Ye.O. Paton of the Academy of Sciences of the UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: May 5, 1960

X

Card 3/3

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.

Selecting a zone for the efficient preheating of the metal in
contact butt. Avtom. svar. 14 no.4:28-34 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Ordona Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni Institut elektrosvarki imeni
Ye. O. Patona AN USSR.
(Railroads—Rails---Welding)

CHEREDNICK, V.T.; KUCHEN-YATKIN, S.I.; SHITIG, V.S.

Rozistnoe zolning i filovitoe elektricheskie circuit elements
to elektronike. Avton. svar. 14 no.11:55-56 N 1961.
(I.I. 14:12)

1. Ordens Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni institut elektroniki
imeni N.G. Latona MIA USSR.
(Electric circuits--zolning)

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.; CHEREDNICHOK, V.T.

Characteristics of contact butt welding of hot ingots, S. I.
Kuchuk-IAtsenko, V.T.Cherednichok. Avtom.svar. 15 no.5:25-30
My '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Ordona Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni Institut elektrosvarki
imeni Ye.O.Patona AN USSR.
(Electric welding)

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S. I., kand. tekhn. nauk, starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Operation of the rail welding machine. Put' i put' khoz. 6
no. 10:35-39 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Institut elektrosvarki im. Ye. O. Patona, Kiyev.

(Railroads—Rails—Welding)

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.

Effect of the final stage of fusion on the quality of joints made by
resistance welding. Avtom. svar. 15 no.7:36-42 Jl '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Ordona Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni institut elektrosvarki imeni
Ye.O Patona AN USSR.
(Electric welding--Quality control)

CHEREDNICHOK, V. T.; KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S. I.

Contact fusion welding of insertion parts for reinforced
concrete construction. Avtcm. svar. 15 no.11:56-58 N '62.
(MIRA 15:10)

1. Ordona Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni Institut elektrosvarki
imeni Ye. O. Patona AN UkrSSR.

(Concrete reinforcement--Welding)

SHAROV, I.F., kand. tekhn. nauk; KUZNETSOVA, V.N., inzh.;
KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; VOROB'YEV, A.A.,
inzh.; BUL'BA, T.G., inzh.; DOTSENKO, V.Ye., kand. tekhn.
nauk, retsenzent; DOTSENKO, V.Ye., retsenzent; SHIYANOV,
I.A., inzh., retsenzent; BERESTOVAY, Ye.I., inzh., red.;
KHITROVA, N.A., tekhn.red.

[Equipment for rail welding] Oborudovanie dlia svarki rel'sov.
[By] I.F.Sharov i dr. Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1963. 266 p.
(MIRA 17:1)

CHEREDNICHOK, V.T.; KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.

Flash welding of abutting Kh15N60 and Kh20N80 alloy strips.
Avtom. svar. 16 no.10:76-81 O '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Institut elektrosvarki imeni Patona AN UkrSSR.

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.

Continuous flash welding of rails. Avtom, svar. 17 no.4:55-62
Ap '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Institut elektrosvarki imeni Ye.O. Patona AN UkrSSR.

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I.; CHEREDNICHOK, V.T.

Welding of nonstandard rolled products is a potential for
increasing the output of marketable merchandise. Avtom. svar.
17 no.7:67-74 Jl '64. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Institut elektrosvarki im. Ye.O. Patona AN UkrSSR.

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, Sergey Ivanovich; LEBEDEV, Vladimir Konstantinovich;
FURER, P.Ya., red.

[Resistance butt welding with a continuous flashing action]
Kontaktnaia stykovaia svarka nepreryvnym oplavleniem. Kiev,
Naukova dumka, 1965. 137 p. (MTRA 18:4)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN Ukr.SSR (for Lebedev).

L 3503-66 E/T(d)/ENT(m)/EMP(u)/EWA(d)/EMP(v)/T/EMP(t)/EMP(k)/EMP(h)/EMP(z)/
EMP(e)/EMP(1)/EWA(c) MJW/JD/RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5023078

UR/0125/65/000/009/0008/0012 49
621.791.762 46

AUTHOR: Kuchuk-Yatsenko, S. I. (Candidate of technical sciences); Porostovets, B.
A. (Engineer); Cherednichok, V. T. (Engineer); Neymark, L. S. (Engineer)

TITLE: Continuous flash welding of large work parts of 34KhN1M steel

SOURCE: Avtomaticheskaya sarka, no. 9, 1965, 8-12

TOPIC TAGS: flash welding, engine crankshaft, power welding equipment

ABSTRACT: 34KhN1M steel is of a type that is difficult to weld. Its overheating, as well as accelerated cooling, lead to the formation of hot cracks, particularly if the products made of this steel have a large cross sectional area, e.g. the crankshafts of heavy-duty engines and compressors, etc. Hence, the authors investigated the possibility of the flash-butt welding of these work parts -- a technique normally employed in the welding of rails, rolled stock, etc. The work parts investigated consisted of 100x100 mm specimens as well as natural 220-mm diameter crankshaft billets, welded in the K-190 flash-butt welding machine and postheated (heating to 860-870°C with subsequent oil quenching and high-tempera-

Card 1/2

L 3503-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5023078

ture tempering at 620-630°C). In the course of the experiments the feasibility of the flash-butt welding of compact work parts measuring as much as 40,000 mm² in cross-sectional area, without the formation of hot cracks, was established. This method makes it possible to weld work parts measuring 30,000 to 40,000 mm² in cross-sectional area by means of programmed-control welding machines with the relatively low power of 400-600 kva. Orig. art. has: 6 figures, 3 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elektrosvarki im. Ye. O. Patona AN UkrSSR (Electric Welding Institute, AN UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: 12Jan65

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: IE, MM

NO REF SOV: 006

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2 DP

KUCHUK-YATSENKO, S.I., SOLODOVNIKOV, V.V., KOLIKOV, I.M.

Portable machine for the welding of rails on the track. Avtom.
svar. 18 no.4:59-61 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut elektrosvarki imeni Patona AN UkrSSR (for Kuchuk-Yatsenko, Solodovnikov). 2. Proyektno-konstruktorskoye byuro putevykh kombaynov Tsentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta Ministerstva putey soobshcheniya (for Kozlov).

L 24811-66 EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(k)/EWP(h)/EWP(l) JD/HM/DJ

ACC NR: AP6007666

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/003/0039/0039

AUTHORS: Galyan, B. A.; Sakharnov, V. A.; Kuchuk-Yatsenko, S. I.; Moiseyenko,
Ye. G.; Tishura, V. I.

ORG: none

18 18

TITLE: Machine for pressure butt welding of pipes and shafts. Class 21, No.
178425 announced by Electric Welding Institute im. Ye. O. Paton of the AN UkrSSR
(Institut elektrosvarki AN UkrSSR)

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obrastey, tovarnyye znaki, no. 3, 1966, 39

TOPIC TAGS: butt welder, butt welding, pipe

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a machine for pressure butt welding of pipes and shafts, containing centering and clamping mechanisms. These mechanisms consist of two clamping rings, one of which is connected to hydraulic cylinder push rods, while the other is connected to the cylinder bodies which press the pipes together with the help of clamping shoes during the welding process. To allow welding of parts of different diameter with intermittent heating, the clamping rings are equipped with auxiliary hydraulic cylinders, pushing

Card 1/2

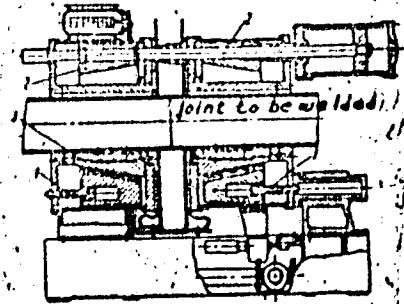
UDC: 621.791.762.037

L 24811-66

ACC NR: AP6007666

axially on each clamping ring. The cylinders displace the clamping shoes toward the center of the machine (see Fig. 1).

Fig. 1. 1 - auxiliary cylinders;
2 - clamping rings;
3 - clamping shoes.



Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 14Jan65

Card 2/2

KUCHUKASHVILI, M. V., ZIRAKISHVILI, L. M., LOMIDZE, N. L., MARASHVILI, G. V.
and MGALOBLISHVILI, O. V.

"The Discovery of Toxoplasma Gondii in Rats in the Suburbs of Tbilisi."

Tenth Conference on Parasitological Problems and Diseases with Natural
Reservoirs, 22-29 October 1959, Vol. II, Publishing House of Academy of
Sciences, USSR, Moscow-Leningrad, 1959.

Institute of Medical Parasitology Tbilisi

KURASHVILI, N.; MALOBUSHVILI, O.; RUMADZE, N. and CHKHEITYA, Z.

"The Results of the Intracutaneous Allergic Test for Certain Eye Diseases"

Voprosy toksoplazmoza, report theses of a conference on toxoplasmosis, Moscow, 3-5 April 1961, publ. by Inst Epidemiology and Microbiology im. N. F. Gamaleya, Acad. Med. Sci USSR, Moscow, 1961, 60pp.

KOBORASHVILI, R. V. and MALOBISHVILI, G.V.

"The Results of Research for Toxoplasmosis in Women with a Pathologic Pregnancy by the Intracutaneous Test"

Voprosy toxoplazmoza, report thesis of a conference on toxoplasmosis, Moscow, 3-5 April 1961, publ. by Inst Epidemiology and Microbiology Im. N. F. Gamaleya, Acad. Med. Sci USSR, Moscow, 1961, 60pp.

KUCHUKHIDZE, K.S., red.; IMNADZE, K.I., red. izd-va; BOKEIYA, E.B.,
tekhn. red.

[Handbook on safe use of short-delay blasting in Georgian coal
mines] Rukovodstvo po bezopasnomu primeneniiu korotkozamedlen-
nogo vzryvaniia v ugol'nykh shakhtakh Gruzii. Tbilisi, Izd-
vo Akad. nauk Gruzinskoi SSR, 1962. 66 p. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR, Tiflis. Institut gornogo dela.
(Georgia—Blasting)

ZUKABISHVILI, Irakliy Ivanovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; KUCHUKHIDZE,
K.S., red.; ARDISHVILI, A.A., red.

[Underground mining of manganese deposits] Podzemnaia raz-
rabotka mangantsevykh mestorozhdenii. Tbilisi, Izd-vo AN
Gruz. SSR, 1963. 407 p. (MIMA 17:5)

1. KUCHUKOV, A. F., KOVTUN, A. T.
2. USSR (600)
4. Poultry - Feeding and Feeding Stuffs
7. Leading work practices in machine fattening of chickens. Pittsevodstvo no. 11, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953. Unclassified.

KUCHUKOVA, M.; LINGOVA, St.

Climate of the Black Sea, expressed in terms of weather. Trud Inst
khidro meteor no.13:1-31 '62.

15-1957-3-3079

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 3,
p 93 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Kuchukova, M. S.

TITLE: Vesuvianite from the Kara-Tyube Mountains (Vezuvian
iz gor Kara-Tyube)

PERIODICAL: Zap. Uzbekist. otd. Vses. mineralog. o-va, 1955,
Nr 8, pp 173-179

ABSTRACT: Vesuvianite in the region of the Kara-Tyube Mountains
occurs in garnet-vesuvianite, pyroxene-vesuvianite,
vesuvianite-zoisite, and other types of skarns,
and it also occurs in independent bodies. It formed
by replacement of alumino-silicate rocks, predominantly
hornfels; locally it replaced limestones. Three
types may be distinguished on the basis of age
relations. The first two occur in skarns associated

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15-1957-3-3079

Vesuvianite from the Kara-Tyube Mountains

with intrusions of biotite granite; the third occurs in skarns related to alaskites. Type I consists of dark brown and light brown varieties. It is found in nests, lenses, and thin vein networks in marmorized limestones. Type II is green and greenish-gray, is frequently found in independent skarn bodies, and occurs at the contact with alumino-silicate rocks. Type III is colored some shade of muddy blue. It is concentrated in skarns that occur at the contacts with alaskites. For the most part the vesuvianite crystals are well formed, in elongated thin prisms, though locally stubby columnar individuals are formed, oriented parallel to each other or making up radiating aggregates. The hardness of the mineral ranges from 6 to 7. The vesuvianite has a vitreous luster, though a greasy luster is found in some specimens. In thin sections the mineral is completely colorless, though occasionally it is brownish with scarcely noticeable pleochroism. The indices of refraction for the differently colored vesuvianites range

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15-1957-3-3079

Vesuvianite from the Kara-Tyube Mountains

between the following limits: Nm 1.704 to 1.725 and Np 1.700 to 1.721; Nm--Np = 0.004. Brown vesuvianite has the highest refractive indices, blue the lowest. The differently colored varieties are differentiated chiefly by their content of Fe_2O_3 (from 1.12 to 4.65%), FeO (from 0.53 to 3.32%), TlO_2 (from traces to 3%), and Al_2O_3 (from 13.31 to 18.65%). The chemical composition of the vesuvianites is variable, even within each type. Brown vesuvianite is comparatively rich in Fe, Ti, and Mg, and poor in alumina. Greenish-gray vesuvianite contains less Fe, Ti, and Ca, but more alumina. Be, Sn, Cu, V, Ga, Ge, and other rare-earth elements are characteristically absent from all the vesuvianites of the Kara-Tyube Mountains. The color of the mineral depends on its impurities; for example, brown vesuvianite depends on the presence of Fe and Ti, whereas green is probably dependent on Cr. In addition to these impurities, the color is also apparently

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15-1957-3-3079

Vesuvianite from the Kara-Tyube Mountains 2.

affected by the physico-chemical conditions that obtained at the formation of the skarns. Vesuvianite formed in the Kara-Tyube region both in alumino-silicate rocks and in carbonate rocks.

G.A.G.

Card 4/4

KUCHUKOVA, N.S.

Effect of enclosing rocks on the composition of vein formations
in the Kara-Tyube skarn field. Izv. AN Uz. SSR. Ser. geol. no.3:
63-67 '57. (MIRA 11:9)
(Kara-Tyube Mountains--Petrology)

BATALOV, A.B.; RAYMUKHAMEDOV, Kh.N.; GAR'KOVETS, V.O.; ISAMUKHAMEDOV, I.M.;
KUCHUKOVA, M.S.; MALAKHOV, A.A.; MATSOKINA, T.M.; MIRKHODZHAYEV, I.M.;
MUSIN, R.A.; PETROV, N.P.; TULYAGANOV, Kh.T.; KHANRABAYEV, I.Kh.

Winner of the Lenin Prize. Uzb.geol.zhur. no.2:94-96 '59.
(MIRA 12:8)
(Abdullaev, Khabib Mukhamedovich)

KUCHUKOVA, M.S.

Age and ore potential of lamprophyres of the Chakyl-Kalyan
Mountains. Uzb. geol. zhur. 7 no.3:41-48 '63.

(MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut geologii imeni Kh.M. Abdullayeva AN UzSSR.

ABDULLAYEV, Khabib Mukhamedovich, laureat Leninskoy premii,
akademik (1912-); MAVLYANOV, G.A., akademik, glav. red.;
BAYMUKHAMEDOV, Kh.N., doktor geol.-miner. nauk, prof.,
otv. red. toma; KIMMRABAYEV, I.Kh., doktor geol.-miner.
nauk, red.; BORISOV, O.M., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, red.;
GOR'KOVOY, O.P., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, red.; KUCHUKOVA,
M.S., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, red.; MATSOKINA, T.M., kand.
geol.-miner. nauk, red.; MUSIN, R.A., kand. geol.-miner.
nauk, red.; PETROV, N.P., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, red.;
LYUBETSAYA, R.Kh., red.; NURATDINOVA, M.R., red.

[Collected works] Sobranie sochinenii. Tashkent, Izd-vo
"Nauka" UzSSR. Vol.1. 1964. 493 p. (MIRA 17:6)

1. AN Uzbekskoy SSR i chlen-korespondent AN SSSR (for
Abdullayev). 2. AN Uzbekskoy SSR (for Mavlyanov).

ABDULLAYEV, Kh.N.; RUSIN, R.A., kand. geol.-min. nauk, otd. red.; MAVLYANOV, G.A., akademik, glav. red.; SAYLUKHAMELOV, Kh.N., doktor geol.-min. nauk, red.; KHAIRASAEV, I.Kh., doktor geol.-min. nauk, red.; BOKISOV, O.M., kand. geol.-min. nauk, red.; GOR'KOVOY, O.P., kand. geol.-min. nauk, red.; KUCHUKOVA, M.S., kand. geol.-min. nauk, red.; MATSOKINA, T.M., kand. geol.-min. nauk, red.; SPEKTOR, L.Ye., red.

[Collected works] Sobranie sochinenii. Tashkent, Nauka, Uzbekskoi SSR. Vol.3. 1964. 448 p. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Akademiya nauk Uzbekskoy SSR (for Navlyanov).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000827110015-6

KUCHULORIYA, N.D.

Fauna in the Akhaltsikhe upper Eocene basin. Vest. LGU 14
no.24:93-98 '59. (MIRA 12:12)
(Akhaltsikhe region--Paleontology)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000827110015-6"

KUCHULORIYA, N. D., Cand Geolog-Mineralog Sci (diss) --- "The paleoecology
of the Late Eocene fauna of the Akhaltsikhe basin". Leningrad, 1960. 18 pp
(Leningrad Order of Lenin State U im A. A. Zhdanov, Georgian Polytech Inst
im V. I. Lenin), 225 copies (KL, No 10, 1960, 127)

1950 1. U.S.D.R.
 1950 2. Cultivated Plants, Kishinev, USSR. Issled. Akad.
 1950 3. Besedka, Soviet.
 1950 4. Re "Chu-Pioloriya", No. 1950, № 1950
 1950 5. Kuchalovka, 2 L.
 1950 6. Experimental investigation of absorption of
 1950 7. phosphorus by leaves of the herbaceous and
 1950 8. germinating seeds
 1950 9. by varieties of Phosphorus in leaves of the herbaceous and
 1950 10. germinating seeds
 1950 11. Tr. Bulgarisch. zool. optr., no. 4, 1950, 1950
 1950 12. Kishinev, 1950, vyp. 2, 1950
 1950 13. To develop rational norms for placing phosphorus fertilizer and rapeseed germination and
 1950 14. growing plants: the dynamics of phosphorus
 1950 15. content in the leaves was studied. The test
 1950 16. plants were cultivated in 3, 5, 10 kg plots. The
 1950 17. accumulation of phosphorus was studied by
 1950 18. radioactive markings applying the phosphorus
 1950 19. isotope P^{32} . Experiments were made in
 1950 20. the herb variety. Radioactive phosphorus con-
 1950 21. tent was characterized in mg of P^{32} on 100
 1950 22. kg oil bearing rape

17.5°. 1/2

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-005
44-ur-B2012R2ya, No.1, 1959, No. 189a

: cm² of leaf area. It was demonstrated that the phosphorus fertilizer than the Berberine, to phosphorus fertilizers the calcareous, and that after rooting the leaves of both the diatomaceous content in the leaves at about the same level and throughout vegetation. --A.G. Vyatkin

2/2

KUCHULORIYA, T.L.; AZAREVICH, O.I.; MILYANOVSKIY, Ye.S.

Some notes on the collection of articles "Plant introduction and landscape gardening." Bot. zhur. 45 no.11:1704-1705 N '60.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. Sukhumskaya optytnaya stantsiya efiromaslichnykh kul'tur.
(Aromatic plants)

KUCHUMOV, A.P.

Survey of breeding work on potatoes for industrial use. Trudy
VNIISP no.4:5-23 '54.
(Potato breeding)

(MERA 8:12)

8(0)

SOV/112-59-4-6969

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotehnika, 1959, Nr 4, p 77 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Kuchumov, A. P.

TITLE: Some Problems of Commutation

PERIODICAL: Sb. nauch. tr. Tomskiy elektromekhan. in-t inzh. zh.-d. transporta,
1957, Vol 24, pp 19-40

ABSTRACT: The voltage drop in an armature coil is analyzed according to the classical theory of commutation. At variance with the classical theory, the additional current of a short-circuited coil is regarded, not as a difference between the true current and the straight-line commutation current, but as a difference between this current and a current in the coil that would have no inductance. As the resistances of the circuit being commutated increase, the influence of the brush-contact voltage drop ΔU upon the course of the commutation process decreases. And conversely, as the above resistances decrease, the influence of ΔU grows, and the brush quality becomes more

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SOV/112-59-4-6969

Some Problems of Commutation

important. The simplest type of "commutation" is a brush resting on a slip ring, when ΔU exercises a major influence upon the "commutation," as the parameters of the "circuit being commutated" are equal to zero in this case. For this reason, an exhaustive study of volt-ampere characteristics of the contact between the brush and slip ring is of exceptional importance for the theory of commutation.

S.A.P.

Card 2/2

KUCHUMOV, A., VENIKOV, V.A., SOKOLOV, N.I., GRUZDEV, I.A., LUGINSKIY, YA.N.

"Analogue computer application for analysis of transient processes
in electrical systems."

Report to be submitted for the 19th Biennial Session, Intl. Conf. on
Large Electric Systems(CIGRE), Paris, France, 16-26 May '62.

VENIKOV, Moscow Power Engineering Inst. im V.M. Molotov
SOKOLOV, " " " " "

GRUZDEV, Leningrad Polytechnical Inst. im M.I. Molotov

KUCHUMOV, none given

LUGINSKIY, All-Union Scientific Research Inst. Electro Power Engineering

KUCHUMOV, Aleksey Petrovich, kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; TRUSHKOV, Anatoliy
Mikhaylovich, assistent

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KARAEV, M. P., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; KUCHIMOV, A. P., kand. tekhn. nauk, dotsent; TRUCHIKOV, L. M., kand. tekhn. nauk, dotsent; PARAMZIN, V. P., inzh.

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